

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: GreenClean Liquid[®]
Product Type: Algaecide/Bactericide
Manufacturer:
BioSafe Systems LLC
22 Meadow St, East Hartford, CT 06108
Creation Date: 2/07
NOTE: Not valid two years after creation date.

EPA Registration No. 70299-2
EPA Establishment No. 60156-IL-001

2. HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS

Peroxyacetic Acid79-21-0
Hydrogen Dioxide7722-84-1

3. HEALTH HAZARDS DATA

Health effects from over exposure to CONCENTRATE:

- Corrosive to mucous membranes, eyes and skin.
- The seriousness of the lesions and the prognosis of intoxication depend directly on the concentration and duration of exposure.

Skin: May cause TEMPORARY skin discoloration and irritation.

Eyes: May cause severe eye damage.

If swallowed: HARMFUL OR FATAL: Causes chemical burns of mouth, throat and stomach.

- Corrosive to gastrointestinal tract
- Paleness and cyanosis of the face
- Excessive fluid in the mouth and nose
- Bloating of stomach and belching
- Nausea and vomiting
- Risk of chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary edema

If inhaled: Vapors or mist can cause irritation. People with asthma or other lung problems may be more affected.

4. FIRST AID

General recommendations:

- In case of product splashing in eyes, treat eyes first
- Submerge soiled clothing in water
- Contact physician in all cases

Eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Skin: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If swallowed: Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1.800.222.1222 for emergency treatment information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

5. FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

Special fire hazards: Product (concentrate) can decompose and will release oxygen thereby adding to the fire hazard.

Fire fighting methods: Product is not flammable and can be quickly diluted with clean water.

Oxidizing Agent may cause spontaneous ignition with oxidizing agents.

6. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

Cleanup: Rinse small amounts to drain when possible. Dike or dam large spills, pump to containers or soak in inert absorbent. Flush residue to sanitary sewer, rinse area thoroughly with clean water.

Avoid materials that are incompatible with concentrate.

Waste Disposal: Consult state and local authorities for restrictions on disposal of chemical wastes. Unused product (concentrate) is classified as a (D002) by RCRA criteria.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Never return product back to the original container
- Keep concentrate away from reactive substances
- Prevent contact with organic materials
- Keep product in original container
- Store in cool, ventilated area
- Keep out of direct sunlight
- Never use metal containers or spigots
- Use vented container
- Warn personnel of dangers of concentrated product

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Respiratory: Avoid breathing mists or vapors of concentrate.

Eyes: Use chemical splash goggles when handling concentrate. For continued severe exposure, wear a face shield over the goggles.

Skin: Rubber gloves - protective or gauntlet type preferred when handling concentrate. Use aprons.
ACGIH TLV: 1 PPM 8 HOUR TWA
1.4 mg/m³ TWA
OSHA PEL: 1 PPM 8 HOURS TWA
1.4 mg/m³ TWA

Respiratory protection:

- NIOSH approved full-face respirator for excessive conditions
- Hand gloves for handling concentrate = butyl rubber
- Eye protection - chemical proof goggles/face shield for splash risk
- Skin protection - coveralls when handling concentrate

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Clear, colorless liquid

Odor: Pungent

Freezing Point: -30°C (-22°F)

Boiling Point: Not applicable, product decomposes

Specific gravity: 1.09

pH: 1.33

Solubility: Complete

Decomposition temperature: self-accelerating decomposition temperature > 55°C

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable under normal conditions, with slow oxygen release

Conditions to avoid: Heat / Direct Sunlight

Materials to avoid: - Acids - Bases - Reducing Agents - Organic Materials - Metals - Salts of Metals

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicology:

- Oral route, LD50, rat 330 mg/kg. Test substance: 7% solution
- Dermal route, LD50 rabbit, 1410 mg/kg. Test substance: 10% solution
- Inhalation, LD50, four hours, rat 4080 mg/kg. Test substance: 5% solution

Irritation:

- Rabbit, corrosive (eyes). Test substance: 4% solution
- Rabbit, corrosive (skin). Test substance: 5% solution
- Rat, irritant (respiratory tract)

Chronic Toxicity:

- Dermal = >0.12% solution, irritating effect
- Inhalation = > 5 mg/m³, irritant
- Route of entry = Inhalation / ingestion

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxic to simple cell and aquatic organisms. Danger to the environment limited due to product properties.

- No bioaccumulation

- Soil degradation = 99% in 20 minutes
- Considerable abiotic and biotic degradability
- Sediments = Non-significant adsorption
- Weak persistence of degradation products
- Degradation products = water & oxygen

Acute Ecotoxicity:

- Fish, Rainbow trout LC50, 48 hours > 40 mg/L
- Crustaceans, EC 50,48 hours 126.8 mg/L 1 mg/L
- Bacteria, Pseudomonas aeruginosa, EC 100, 5 minutes, 5mg/L

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Store in original containers in a cool, well-vented area, away from direct sunlight. Do not allow product to become overheated in storage. This may cause increased degradation of the product, which will decrease product effectiveness. In case of spill, flood area with large quantities of water. Do not store in a manner where cross-contamination with other pesticides or fertilizers could occur.

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. Open dumping is prohibited. If wastes cannot be disposed of according to label directions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or dispose in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, if allowed by state and local authorities by burning. Stay out of smoke.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Shipping Name: Hydrogen Peroxide and peroxyacetic acid mixture, stabilized, not more than 5% Peroxyacetic acid.

UN Number: 3149

Hazard Class: 5.1

Primary Hazard Label: Oxidizer

Subsidiary Risk Label: Corrosive

Packing Group: II

Shipping Container: UN Certified vented polyethylene. 2.5, 5, 30, 55 and 275 gallon polyethylene drums

Regulatory Information
TSCA Inventory List: YES
CERCLA Hazardous Substance (40 CFR 302)
Listed substance: NO
Unlisted Substance: YES
Characteristic: Corrosive
Reportable Quantity: 100 pounds
NFPA Rating Health – 2 Flammability – 0 Reactivity – 3 Special – OXY
HMIS Rating Health – 2 Flammability – 0 Reactivity – 2 PPE - Required
Canadian WHMIS Classification
C – Oxidizing E – Corrosive F – Dangerously Reactive

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For additional information on GreenClean Liquid, call us toll-free at 1.888.273.3088 or visit www.biosafesystems.com.

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Always read and follow label directions. 2/07

SPECIMEN LABEL

A treatment for the prevention and control of algae & cyanobacteria in waters.

FOR AGRICULTURAL AND COMMERCIAL USE ONLY

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
Hydrogen Dioxide:27%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:73%
TOTAL:100%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER - PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. *(If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)*

FIRST AID
If in eyes

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 – 20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on skin or clothing

- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 – 20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If swallowed

- Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If inhaled

- Move person to fresh air.
- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.
- Call poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-222-1222 for emergency medical treatment information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN
Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

Sold by:
BioSafe Systems, LLC, 22 Meadow Street
East Hartford, CT 06108
EPA Registration No. 70299-2
EPA Establishment No. 60156-IL-001

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMAN AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS – DANGER: Corrosive. Concentrate causes irreversible eye damage. Concentrate may be fatal if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Concentrate causes skin burns or temporary discoloration on exposed skin. Do not breathe vapor of concentrate. Do not get concentrate in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wear protective eyewear such as goggles or face shield. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)
When handling concentrate wear protective eyewear (goggles or face shield) and rubber gloves. Applicators and handlers must wear coveralls over long-sleeved shirt, long pants, and chemical resistant footwear plus socks. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions exist for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS
Users should wash hands thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Users should remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS
This pesticide is toxic to birds and fish. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate. Exposed treated seed may be hazardous to birds and other wildlife. Dispose of all excess treated seed and seed packaging by burial away from bodies of water.

This product is highly toxic to bees and other beneficial insects exposed to direct contact on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to crops where beneficials are part of an Integrated Pest Management strategy.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS Corrosive. Strong oxidizing agent. Do not use in concentrated form. Mix only with water in accordance with label instructions. Never bring concentrate in contact with other pesticides, cleaners or oxidative agents.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS
Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), notification to workers, and Restricted-Entry Interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to the uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

For enclosed environments:
There is a restricted entry of one (1) hour for this product when applied via fogging or spraying to growing plants, surfaces, equipment, structures and non-porous surfaces in enclosed environments such as glasshouses and greenhouses. PPE requirement for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water, is coveralls worn over long-sleeved shirt and pants, waterproof gloves and shoes plus socks.

There is a restricted entry of zero (0) hours for pre-plant dip, seed treatment, soil drench, mop, sponge, dip, soak, rinse or other non-spraying or fogging application methods when used in enclosed environments such as glasshouses and greenhouses.

For field applications:
Keep unprotected persons out of treated areas until sprays have dried.

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements
The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Keep unprotected persons out of treated areas until sprays have dried.

FOR AGRICULTURAL SPRAY IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE WATER AND DITCHES
Use GreenClean Liquid to suppress / control algae, bacteria and fungi in agricultural irrigation and drainage water and ditches. For irrigation water, apply 4 to 8 fluid ounces of GreenClean Liquid per 1,000 gallons of water. Product can be simply added to the body of water, as the residual control will allow for even distribution throughout the water column. Where existing algae mats are present at time of treatment, the most effective control will be obtained by breaking up mats and/or evenly dispersing diluted GreenClean

Liquid over the algae mats. Apply GreenClean Liquid as needed to control and prevent algae growth; apply more frequently in times of higher water temperatures.

FOR STOCK TANKS AND LIVESTOCK WATER

Use GreenClean Liquid to suppress / control algae, bacteria and fungi in stock tanks, stock watering ponds, tanks and troughs, and livestock water. Apply 2 fluid ounces of GreenClean Liquid per 250 gallons of water for algae control. Product can be simply added to the body of water as the residual control will allow for even distribution throughout the water column. Where existing algae mats are present at time of treatment, the most effective control will be obtained by breaking up mats and/or evenly dispersing diluted GreenClean Liquid over the algae mats. Apply GreenClean Liquid as needed to control and prevent algae growth; apply more frequently in times of higher water temperatures.

DRIP SYSTEM APPLICATION FOR LIVESTOCK WATERING TANKS

Tanks fed by a continuous flow of spring or well water can be equipped with a chemical drip system designed to meter-in GreenClean Liquid based upon water flow rates. Pre-dilute GreenClean Liquid at a 100:1 rate or 4-mL/minute water flow rate. Treat continuously or as needed to control and prevent algae regrowth.

FOR CONTAINED WATERS

To suppress, control and prevent algae and cyanobacteria in contained waters such as Ponds, Lakes, Lagoons, Water Gardens, Ornamental Pools/Ponds, Ornamental Waterfalls, Fountains, Bird Baths, Irrigation Ponds, Golf Course Ponds, Farm Ponds, Fish Ponds, Fish Hatcheries, Impounded Waters, Bilge Water, Reservoirs, Waterways, Conveyance Ditches, Canals, Laterals, Drainage Systems, Catch Basins, Fire Ponds, Watering Tanks, Storage Tanks, Water Collectors and Domestic/Commercial Waters. Treated waters are permissible to be used without interruption.

DETERMINING WATER VOLUME

Measure length (L), width (W), and average depth (D) in feet (ft) or meters (m) and calculate volume using one of the following formulas:

Square/Rectangular:

$$L(\text{ft}) \times W(\text{ft}) \times D(\text{ft}) \times 7.5 = \text{Gallons}$$

$$L(\text{m}) \times W(\text{m}) \times D(\text{m}) \times 1000 = \text{Liters}$$

Circular/Elliptical:

$$L(\text{ft}) \times W(\text{ft}) \times D(\text{ft}) \times 5.9 = \text{Gallons}$$

$$L(\text{m}) \times W(\text{m}) \times D(\text{m}) \times 786 = \text{Liters}$$

$$\frac{\text{Avg. Length (ft)} \times \text{Avg. Width (ft)}}{43,560} = \text{acres}$$

APPLICATION METHODS

In bodies of water where an aerator is available, and when treating the entire water volume, dose at the edges, or in the turbulence created while the aerator runs to facilitate rapid and adequate mixing.

Spot Treatment: Apply GreenClean Liquid directly over the infested area. Re-treatment is required when heavy growth occurs.

Liquid Treatment: Spray solution on the water surface from shore or a properly equipped boat.

Injection Treatment: Inject solution into the water via a piping system.

GENERAL TREATMENT NOTES

- Control is most easily achieved when algae are not yet well established. Treat when growth first begins to appear.
- Apply early in the day under calm, sunny conditions, and when water temperatures are warm. Sunlight and higher temperatures both enhance activity.

- Apply evenly over the water surface directly over the algae to be treated.
- Break up any heavy floating algae mats before or during application.
- If using in conjunction with other water additives (such as bacteria or enzymes), always apply GreenClean Liquid first and wait several hours before adding any other products.
- Re-treat areas if re-growth begins to appear. Allow 48 hours between consecutive treatments.
- Maintain an algae-free pond with maintenance rates at a frequency appropriate for your environmental conditions.
- Do not tank mix with aquatic herbicides or algaecides containing copper or bromides.

EFFECTIVENESS FACTORS

- Effects of GreenClean Liquid treatment are immediately apparent (bubbling, bleaching, & discoloration of algae).
- GreenClean Liquid treatments are successful when contact of the pesticide is made with the algae.
- When treating surface mats and blooms, it is possible that GreenClean Liquid will not penetrate the water column below the infested area, and a second application is then required for treating any bottom growing algae.
- Apply more frequently during the summer months when water consumption and temperatures are high.

CHEMIGATION:

General Requirements

- Apply this product only through a drip system or sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, hand move, flood (basin), furrow, border or drip (trickle) irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.
- Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.
- Posting of areas to be chemigated is required when
 - any part of a treated area is within 300 feet of sensitive areas such as residential areas, labor camps, businesses, day care centers, hospitals, in-patient clinics, nursing homes or any public areas such as schools, parks, playgrounds, or other public facilities not including public roads, or 2) when the chemigated area is open to the public such as golf courses or retail greenhouses.
- Posting must conform to the following requirements. Treated areas shall be posted with signs at all usual points of entry and along likely routes of approach from the listed sensitive areas. When there are no usual points of entry, signs must be posted in the corners of the treated areas and in any other location affording maximum visibility to sensitive areas. The printed side of the sign should face away from the treated area towards the sensitive area. The signs shall be printed in English. Signs must be posted prior to application and must remain posted until foliage has dried and soil surface water has disappeared. Signs may remain in place indefinitely as long as they are composed of materials to prevent deterioration and maintain legibility for the duration of the posting period.

- All words shall consist of letters at least 2.5 inches tall, and all letters and the symbol shall be a color which sharply contrasts with their immediate background. At the top of the sign shall be the words KEEP OUT, followed by an octagonal stop sign symbol at least 8 inches in diameter containing the word STOP. Below the symbol shall be the words PESTICIDES IN IRRIGATION WATER.

SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS FOR CHEMIGATION SYSTEMS CONNECTED TO PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS

- Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS FOR SPRINKLER CHEMIGATION

- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

- Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being filled with a system interlock.
- Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS FOR FLOOD (BASIN), FURROW AND BORDER CHEMIGATION

- Systems using a gravity flow pesticide dispensing system must meter the pesticide into the water at the head of the field and downstream of a hydraulic discontinuity such as a drop structure or weir box to decrease potential for water source contamination from backflow if water flow stops.
- The systems utilizing a pressurized water and pesticide injection system must meet the following requirements:
 - The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
 - The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
 - The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
 - The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
 - The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
 - Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being filled with a system interlock.

SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS FOR DRIP (TRICKLE) CHEMIGATION

- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being filled with a system interlock.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

- Remove scale, pesticide residues, and other foreign matter from the chemical supply tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water. Failure to provide a clean tank, void of scale or residues may cause product to lose effectiveness or strength.
- Determine the treatment rates as indicated in the directions for use and make proper dilutions.
- Prepare a solution in the chemical tank by filling the tank with the required water and then adding product as required. The product will immediately go into suspension without any required agitation.
- Do not apply OxiDate? in conjunction with any other pesticides or fertilizers; this has the potential to cause reduced performance of the product. Avoid application in this manner.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE

Store in original containers in a cool, well-vented area, away from direct sunlight. Do not allow product to become overheated in storage. This may cause increased degradation of the product, which will decrease product effectiveness. In case of spill, flood area with large quantities of water. Do not store in a manner where cross-contamination with other pesticides or fertilizers could occur.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. Open dumping is prohibited. If wastes cannot be disposed of according to label directions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

WARRANTY

This material conforms to the description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes referred to in the directions for use. Timing, method of application, weather, watering practices, nature of soil, potting medium, disease problem, condition of crop, incompatibility with other chemicals, pre-existing conditions and other conditions influencing the use of this product are beyond the control of the seller. Buyer assumes all risks associated with the use, storage, or handling of this material not in strict accordance with directions given herewith. NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS OR MERCHANTABILITY IS MADE.

APPLICATION RATES

Growth/Density (Alga Type)	PPM A.I.	Depth in Feet			
		1	2	3	4
		GALLONS PER SURFACE ACRE			
Low Density (Cyanobacteria)	1.0	1.2	2.4	3.6	4.8
	2.0	2.4	4.8	7.2	9.6
	3.0	3.6	7.2	10.8	14.4
Moderate Density	---	---4.8---	---9.6---	---14.4---	---19.2---
	5.0	6.0	12.0	18.0	24.0
	6.0	7.2	14.4	21.6	28.8
High Density (Filamentous)	---	---8.4---	---16.8---	---25.2---	---33.6---
	8.0	9.6	19.2	28.8	38.4
	9.0	10.8	21.6	32.4	43.2
Extreme Density (Full Bloom)	10.0	12.0	24.0	36.0	48.0
	15.0	18.0	36.0	54.0	72.0
	20.0	24.0	48.0	72.0	96.0
	25.0	30.0	60.0	90.0	120.0